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UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL (37 CFR. § 1.53(b))

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Sir: This is a request for filing a patent application under 37 CFR. § 1.53(b) in the name of inventors:
CHUNG-HO HUANG, ANDREW LUI, and DAVID J. HEMKER

For: **PLUG AND PLAY SENSOR INTEGRATION FOR A PROCESS MODULE**

Application Elements:

- ☒ 20 Pages of Specification, Claims and Abstract
☒ 4 Sheets of Formal Drawings
☒ 3 Pages Combined Declaration and Power of Attorney

Accompanying Application Parts:

- ☒ Assignment and Assignment Recordation Cover Sheet (recording fee of \$40.00 enclosed)
☐ 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement by Assignee
☐ Information Disclosure Statement with Form PTO-1449
☐ Copies of IDS Citations
☐ Preliminary Amendment
☒ Return Receipt Postcard
☐ Small Entity Statement(s)
☐ Other:

Fee Calculation (37 CFR § 1.16)

	(Col. 1) <u>NO. FILED</u>	(Col. 2) <u>NO. EXTRA</u>	<u>SMALL ENTITY</u> <u>RATE FEE</u>	<u>OR</u>	<u>LARGE ENTITY</u> <u>RATE FEE</u>
BASIC FEE			\$345 \$	OR	\$690 \$690
TOTAL CLAIMS	<u>15</u> -20 = <u>0</u>		x 9 = \$	OR	x 18 = \$
INDEP CLAIMS	<u>2</u> -03 = <u>0</u>		x 39 = \$	OR	x 78 = \$
[] Multiple Dependent Claim Presented			\$130 = \$	OR	\$260 = \$
* If the difference in Col. 1 is less than zero, enter "0" in Col. 2.			Total \$	OR	Total \$690

☒ Check No.'s 1298 and 1299, in the amounts of \$690.00 and \$40.00, respectively, in payment of the basic fee and recording fee, are enclosed.

☒ The Commissioner is authorized to charge any fees beyond the amount enclosed which may be required, or to credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account No. 50-0388 (Order No. LAM1P136).

General Authorization for Petition for Extension of Time (37 CFR §1.136)

☒ Applicants hereby make and generally authorize any Petitions for Extensions of Time as may be needed for any subsequent filings. The Commissioner is also authorized to charge any extension fees under 37 CFR §1.17 as may be needed to Deposit Account No. 50-0388 (Order No. LAM1P136).

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PLUG AND PLAY SENSOR INTEGRATION FOR A PROCESS MODULE

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RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is related to the commonly assigned Application No.: _____ entitled "INTEGRATED FULL WAVELENGTH SPECTROMETER FOR WAFER PROCESSING" (Attorney Docket No.: LAM1P137/P0606), filed on even date herewith and incorporated herein by reference.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to the manufacture of semiconductor related devices. More particularly, the present invention relates to improved techniques for manufacturing semiconductor related devices.

In the manufacture of certain types of semiconductor devices, at various times semiconductor devices may be placed in process modules for etching, deposition, polishing, etc. With the small tolerances required in today's semiconductor chips or flat panel displays, various sensors may be required to monitor the process module.

Some sensors may be separated from the process module, where the process module is driven by a first computing system and the sensor is driven by a second computing system, where the first computing system and the second computing system do not exchange data in real time. Synchronization of information between the process module and separate sensors may be difficult. In addition the exchange of data between the process module and separate sensors may be difficult.

Some sensors may be connected to the process module. These sensors could either have their own computing systems that are directly connected to the process module or they

may use the computing system of the process module as their computing system. Such sensors can exchange data with the process module in real time. Often different sensors have different protocols. For each sensor the computing system of the process module would be programmed to comply with the protocol of the sensor, possibly requiring the creation of a different driver for each sensor. Each driver might require the specification of many commands, such as commands to signal an alarm, stop the process module, and to indicate when various process steps are initiated or discontinued. In addition, different sensors may generate different types of data so that the driver might need to specify how the process module would use the specific type of data from the sensor. The creation of a driver for each sensor is time consuming, possibly taking as much as one man year. If the process module manufacturer does not take the time to create a driver for a particular sensor the user might not be able to use that sensor with the process module. In addition, even if a driver exists for a sensor, the user may have to perform various steps to install a driver in a process module and specify specific data to be sent to or received from a sensor. To remove the sensor from the process module, a user may need to perform additional programming steps, such as removing a driver and deleting commands for information to be sent to or received from a sensor.

In view of the foregoing, it is desirable to provide a processing system, such as a process module that can be connected to a plurality of sensors, wherein the processing system does not need to be programmed to match various protocols of various sensors. It is desirable to provide a processing system that allows an integration of sensors into the process module that allows the sensors to exchange information with the processing system with minimal additional programming.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The invention relates, in one embodiment, to a processing system that shares information with sensors in a client-server relationship, wherein recipe and control commands are exchanged between the processing system and sensors.

These and other features of the present invention will be described in more detail below in the detailed description of the invention and in conjunction with the following figures.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention is illustrated by way of example, and not by way of limitation, in the figures of the accompanying drawings and in which like reference numerals refer to similar elements and in which:

FIG. 1 is a schematic view of a process module and sensors in a preferred embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 2A is a perspective view of a computer system that may be used in an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 2B is a block diagram of the computer system shown in FIG. 2A.

FIG. 3 is another schematic view of the preferred embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 4 is a data flow chart of information exchanged between the process module computing system and a sensor.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The present invention will now be described in detail with reference to a few preferred embodiments thereof as illustrated in the accompanying drawings. In the following description, numerous specific details are set forth in order to provide a thorough understanding of the present invention. It will be apparent, however, to one skilled in the art, that the present invention may be practiced without some or all of these specific details. In other instances, well known process steps and/or structures have not been described in detail in order to not unnecessarily obscure the present invention.

10 To facilitate discussion, FIG. 1 depicts a schematic view of a system 10,
comprising a process module 12, a network 14, and plurality of sensors 16. In this
embodiment the process module 12 comprises a process chamber 18 and a process
module computing system 20. In the preferred embodiment the process chamber is a
15 process chamber for processing semiconductor related devices, such as an etch chamber,
deposition device, or polishing device, used in the manufacturing of semiconductor chips,
flat panel displays, disk drives or other computer components. The network 14 may be
either an internal bus within the process module computing system 20 or an external
network or local area network, such as an Ethernet network, or a combination of both.
20 The process module computing system 20 serves as a server, and the sensors 16 act as
clients in a client server relationship with the process module computing system 20. The
sensors 16 may be a combination of a sensor and computing device connected to the
process module computing system 20 by a local area network, or the sensors 16 may be
only sensors connected to an internal bus of the process module computing system 20. In
25 a preferred embodiment of the invention, the process module computing system 20 has a
VME architecture, where an input board with a VME bus is used to connect the sensors
16 to the rest of the computing system 20. In this example, a first sensor 24 may be a
spectrometer, a second sensor 26 may be a particle monitor sensor, and an nth sensor 28
may be a plasma monitor. Other types of sensors may be a thermometer, which could
30 also be used to provide temperature control like a thermostat, pump sensors, chiller
sensors, RF matching system sensors, endpoint system sensors, RGA sensors, IR
absorption sensors, RF probes, and data analysis software. Software that analyze data
from other sensors may be sensors as defined in the specification and claims. Each of the
sensors 16 is able to measure a parameter within the process chamber 18. For example,
35 the spectrometer measures the spectrum within the process chamber 18, the particle
monitor measures the particle density within the process chamber 18, the plasma monitor
measures the plasma within the process chamber 18, and the thermometer measures the
temperature within the process chamber.

FIGS. 2A and 2B illustrate a computer system 900, which is suitable for implementing
40 embodiments of the present invention. FIG. 2A shows one possible physical form of the
computer system. Of course, the computer system may have many physical forms ranging
from an integrated circuit, a printed circuit board, an embedded real-time control system, and

a small handheld device up to a huge super computer. Computer system 900 includes a monitor 902, a display 904, a housing 906, a disk drive 908, a keyboard 910, and a mouse 912. Disk 914 is a computer-readable medium used to transfer data to and from computer system 900.

FIG. 2B is an example of a block diagram for computer system 900. Attached to system bus 920 are a wide variety of subsystems. Processor(s) 922 (also referred to as central processing units, or CPU(s)) are coupled to storage devices including memory 924. Memory 924 includes random access memory (RAM) and read-only memory (ROM). As is well known in the art, ROM acts to transfer data and instructions uni-directionally to the CPU and RAM is used typically to transfer data and instructions in a bi-directional manner. Both of these types of memories may include any suitable type of the computer-readable media described below. A fixed disk 926 is also coupled bi-directionally to CPU 922; it provides additional data storage capacity and may also include any of the computer-readable media described below. Fixed disk 926 may be used to store programs, data, and the like and is typically a secondary storage medium (such as a hard disk) that is slower than primary storage. It will be appreciated that the information retained within fixed disk 926, may, in appropriate cases, be incorporated in standard fashion as virtual memory in memory 924. Removable disk 914 may take the form of any of the computer-readable media described below.

CPU 922 is also coupled to a variety of input/output devices such as display 904, keyboard 910, mouse 912 and speakers 930. In general, an input/output device may be any of: video displays, track balls, mice, keyboards, microphones, touch-sensitive displays, transducer card readers, magnetic or paper tape readers, tablets, styluses, voice or handwriting recognizers, biometrics readers, or other computers. CPU 922 optionally may be coupled to another computer or telecommunications network using network interface 940. With such a network interface, it is contemplated that the CPU might receive information from the network, or might output information to the network in the course of performing the above-described method steps. Furthermore, method embodiments of the present invention may execute solely upon CPU 922 or may execute over a network such as the Internet in conjunction with a remote CPU that shares a portion of the processing.

In addition, embodiments of the present invention further relate to computer storage products with a computer-readable medium that have computer code thereon for performing various computer-implemented operations. The media and computer code may be those specially designed and constructed for the purposes of the present invention, or they may be of the kind well known and available to those having skill in the computer software arts. Examples of computer-readable media include, but are not limited to: magnetic media such as hard disks, floppy disks, and magnetic tape; optical media such as CD-ROMs and holographic devices; magneto-optical media such as floptical disks; and hardware devices that are specially configured to store and execute program code, such as application-specific integrated circuits (ASICs), programmable logic devices (PLDs) and ROM and RAM devices. Examples of computer code include machine code, such as produced by a compiler, and files containing higher level code that are executed by a computer using an interpreter.

If a computer system 900 as shown in FIGS. 2A and 2B is used as the process module computing system 20, then part of the computer system bus 920 may form part of the network 14 and a network connected to the network interface 940 may form part of the network 14. In addition, the process module computing system 20 may be connected to other computing systems through the network, where the process module computing system 20 acts as a client.

FIG. 3 is a communications schematic of the system 10 shown in FIG. 1. In the preferred embodiment of the invention, the network 14 is a TCP/IP network. The process module computing system 20 has an IP address and multiple ports to serve as the server of the TCP/IP network. In this example the address of the process module computing system 20 is 10.0.10.1, which has three ports, numbered 10001, 10002, and 10003. Each sensor 16 has an IP address and one port to act as the client of the process module computing system 20. In this example, the sensors 16 have an IP address and one port which indicate that they are ports of the process module computing system 20. For this example, the first sensor 24 has an IP address of 10.0.10.11 and a port number of 10001, the second sensor 26 has an IP address of 10.0.10.12 with a port number of 10002, and the nth sensor 28 has an IP address of 10.0.10.13 with a port number of 10003.

FIG. 4 is a communication time sequence chart between the process module 12 and a sensor, with time starting at the top of FIG. 4 and proceeding downward. In this example, communications between the process module computing system and the first sensor 24 will be described. In the preferred embodiment of the invention there are only two types of messages (data packets) that are sent between the process module computing system 20 and the first sensor 24. The two types are "Command" messages and "Acknowledgement" messages. A command may be a control command, data report, alarm report, or status report.

The process module computing system 20 and the first sensor 24 are started and self initialized (steps 402 and 404). Because of the process module computing system 20 acts as a server and the first sensor 24 acts as a client, it may not matter whether the process module computing system 20 or the first sensor 24 is started first. When the process module computing system 20 is self-initialized, a connection monitor task object 30 is spawn, as shown in FIG. 1. If the process module computing system 20 is first started, the process module computing system 20 waits to be connected with the first sensor 24 (step 406). Once the first sensor 24 and the process module computing system 20 are both started and self initialized, the first sensor 24 sends a "Connect to Process Chamber" message to the process module computing system 20 (step 408), which is a request by the first sensor 24 to connect to the process module computing system 20 on a client/server basis. When the process module computing system 20 receives the "Connect to Process Module" message from the first sensor 24, a first sensor messaging task 32 is spawn by the connection monitor task 30, as shown in FIG. 1. Similarly, other sensor messaging tasks 34 are spawn when other sensors are connected to the process module 12.

The first sensor 24 then sends a "Command to get Alarm Table" message to the process module computing system 20 (step 410). After the process module computing system 20 receives the "Command to get Alarm Table" message, the computing system 20 responds with an "Acknowledgment" message (step 412). The first sensor 24 receives the "Acknowledgment" message and waits for the alarm table (step 414). The process module computing system 20 sends an "Alarm Table" message to the first sensor 24 (step 416), which designates the number of alarms that the process module will handle.

The Alarm Table provides alarm identification numbers and a description of each alarm. When the first sensor 24 receives the "Alarm Table" message the first sensor 24 replies with an "Acknowledgement" message (step 420).

5 The first sensor 24 then sends a "Command to get Date/Time and Initialization Data" message to the process module computing system 20 (step 422). When the process module computing system 20 receives the "Command to get Date/Time and Initialization Data" message from the first sensor 24, an "Acknowledgement" message is sent to the first sensor 24 (step 424). A "Date/Time and Initialization Data" message is sent from the process module computing system 20 to the first sensor 24 (step 426), which allows
10 the first sensor 24 to be synchronized with the process module computing system 20. When the first sensor 24 receives the "Date/Time and Initialization Data" message from the process module computing system, the first sensor 24 replies with an "Acknowledgement" message (step 428).

15 The process module computing system 20 then sends a "Command to Get Reportable Specification" message to the first sensor 24 (step 430). When the first sensor 24 receives the "Command to Get Reportable Specification" message, the first sensor 24 replies with an "Acknowledgement" message (step 432). The first sensor 24 then sends a "Reportable Specification" message (step 434), which informs the process module computing system 20 of the type of data that will be provided by the first sensor 24. The process module computing system 20 complies with an "Acknowledgement" message
20 (step 436). Different sensors may generate different types of data. Some of these data types are Boolean, integer, enumerators and floating point. In addition to the type of data, the possible range of data is also important. In addition, the frequency of the data is important, i.e. how often the data is measured. Some sensors may automatically send
25 data, while other sensors may only send data when requested. The "Reportable Specification" message may provide information regarding data type, range, frequency, and distribution, allowing the process module computing system 20 to use the data from the first sensor 24 without requiring additional programming of the process module computing system 20. Since additional programming is not required, a user interface to
30 program the process module computing system 20 to each different sensor data type may not be required.

5 The first sensor 24 then waits for a request for information (step 438). If the process module computing system 20 needs additional information, a "Send the Requested Information" message is sent from the process module computing system 20 to the first sensor 24 (step 440), to which the first sensor replies with an "Acknowledgement" message (step 442).

10 Process related command messages are then sent from the process module computing system 20 to the first sensor 24 (step 444), to which the first sensor 24 replies with an "Acknowledgement" message (step 446). The process related commands are a plurality of commands by the process module computing system 20 which relate to actions starting and stopping process steps occurring in the process chamber 18. For example, in an etch chamber a first process related command would be sent to the first sensor 24, sending a recipe to the first sensor 24, to which the first sensor 24 sends an "Acknowledgement" message as a reply. Once the wafer is in the process chamber 18, a second process related command would be sent to the first sensor 24 indicating that the wafer is in the process chamber 18, to which the first sensor 24 sends an "Acknowledgement" message in reply. A third process related command may be sent to the first sensor 24 to indicate the start of the recipe process, to which an "Acknowledgement" message is sent as a reply. When a first step in the recipe is begun, a fourth process related command is sent to the first sensor 24, to which the first sensor 24 sends an "Acknowledgement" message in reply. When a first step in the recipe is terminated, a fifth process related command is sent to the first sensor 24, to which the first sensor 24 sends an "Acknowledgement" reply. Process commands and acknowledgements are made for the starting and stopping of each step in the recipe. At the end of the recipe a "recipe end" process step is sent to the first sensor 24 to which the first sensor 24 sends an acknowledgement. Finally when the wafer is removed, a "wafer out" process command is sent to the first sensor 24 to which the first sensor 24 sends an acknowledgement. Therefore a process related command relating to an action is sent from the process module computing system 20 when the action is executed in the process chamber, where the action may be starting or stopping a step in the process chamber.

30 During processing, the first sensor 24 may send a "Process Related Result" message to the process module computing system 20 (step 448), to which the process

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module computing system 20 would send an "Acknowledgement" message to the first sensor 24 as a reply (step 450). The "Process Related Result" message may be an alarm message, which may cause the process module computing system 20 to abort the process. The "Process Related Result" message may provide feedback information, such as temperature, which allows the process module computing system 20 to adjust the temperature accordingly. The "Process Related Result" message may provide data for analysis after the process is completed, which may be stored in the process module computing system 20.

As a result, all sensors 16 may provide real time data that is time stamped and synchronized with the process chamber. The synchronized data allows an in depth analysis of the process for troubleshooting. The real time data may be used to adjust the process in the process chamber during processing. All of the data from all of the sensors 16 may be stored in the process module computing system 20, which acts as a server for the sensors. Using the reportable specification information of each sensor the data may be put in a usable form.

In the preferred embodiment of the invention, a Command message comprises a lead message and a Command Data Packet. The lead message, which in the preferred embodiment is two bytes long, contains the length of the Command Data Packet. The Acknowledgement message comprises a lead message and an Acknowledgement Data Packet. The lead message, which in the preferred embodiment is two bytes long, contains the length of the Acknowledgement Data Packet.

In the preferred embodiment, the first byte of the Command Data Packet holds a predefined level number. More preferably, all communications between the process module computing system 20 and a sensor has a level number of 3. In this case, communications between the process module computing system 20 and other computing systems where the other computing systems are not client sensors of the process module computing system 20 would have a level number that would not be equal to 3. By using level numbers between the process module computing system 20 and other computing systems which are different than level numbers between the process module computing system 20 and client sensor systems, the sensors and process module computing system

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20 may more easily determine which messages are for the process module computing system 20 and sensors in a client/server relationship. The second byte of the Command Data Packet comprises a "Command ID" which provides a value between 0 to 255, which is used to designate a command type, such as start recipe, start step, end recipe, abort recipe step, post alarm due to error condition, clear posted alarm, and status information. A third byte of the Command Data Packet provides a transaction number for the command. In the preferred embodiment, the transaction number is between 0 and 15. The remaining bytes of the Command Data packet provide command data.

In the preferred embodiment of the invention an Acknowledgement Data Packet is only 3 bytes long. The purpose of the Acknowledgement Data Packet is to let the sender know that the Command Data Packet has been successfully received by the receiver. In the preferred embodiment of the invention, the first byte of the Acknowledgement Data Packet is a predefined level number, which is equal to the predefined level number of the Command Data Packet. The second byte of the Acknowledgement Data Packet is a number set to indicate that the data packet is an Acknowledgement Data Packet. The third byte of the Acknowledgement Data Packet is the command ID of the received command.

In other embodiments, instead of using TCP/IP as the protocol, other possible protocols are LONWORKS (Local Operation Networks), Devicenet, and RS485/422 with a specific customized protocol. All of these protocols are multidrop. It is preferable not to use the UDP protocol, since UDP protocols tend not to use an acknowledgement, whereas an acknowledgement is used in the preferred embodiment of the invention.

If a message is not received from a sensor for a designated timeout period, a heartbeat message is sent by the process module to the sensor. If no acknowledgement is received, the sensor messaging task is deleted as part of the process of disconnecting the sensor. If a new sensor is added or a sensor with a deleted sensor messaging task sends a connection message, a new sensor messaging task is spawn. Therefore, the sensors 16 may be added to and removed from the network 14 while the process module computing system 20 is running. Thus the sensors 16 are hot swappable plug and play sensors.

While this invention has been described in terms of several preferred embodiments, there are alterations, permutations, and equivalents, which fall within the scope of this invention. It should also be noted that there are many alternative ways of implementing the methods and apparatuses of the present invention. It is therefore intended that the following
5 appended claims be interpreted as including all such alterations, permutations, and equivalents as fall within the true spirit and scope of the present invention.

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CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A computer implemented method for communicating between a computing
5 system of a process module, wherein the process module has a process chamber, and a first
sensor, comprising the steps of:

initializing the computing system of the process module;

initializing the first sensor, which is able to measure a first parameter in the
process chamber;

10 transmitting a connect message from the first sensor to the computing system
of the process module;

transmitting a command to get reportable specification from the computing
system of the process module to the first sensor; and

15 transmitting a reportable specification message from the first sensor to the
computing system of the process module.

2. The computer implemented method, as recited in claim 1, further comprising
the steps of:

20 spawning within the computing system of the process module a connection
monitor task;

spawning from the connection monitor task within the computing system of
the process module a first sensor messaging task;

transmitting an acknowledgement of the command to get reportable
specification from the first sensor to the computing system of the process module; and

transmitting an acknowledgement of the reportable specification message from the computing system of the process module to the first sensor.

3. The computer implemented method, as recited in claim 2, further comprising
5 the steps of:

transmitting command to get an alarm table command from the first sensor to the computing system of the process module;

transmitting an acknowledgement of the command to get the alarm table from the computing system of the process module to the first sensor;

10 transmitting an alarm table from the computing system of the process module to the first sensor; and

transmitting an acknowledgement of the alarm table from the first sensor to the computing system of the process module.

15 4. The computer implemented method, as recited in claim 3, further comprising the steps of:

transmitting command to get time and initialization data from the first sensor to the computing system of the process module;

20 transmitting an acknowledgement of the command to get time and initialization data from the computing system of the process module to the first sensor;

transmitting time and initialization data from the computing system of the process module to the first sensor; and

transmitting an acknowledgement of the time and initialization data from the first sensor to the computing system of the process module.

5. The computer implemented method, as recited in claim 4, further comprising the steps of:

transmitting a process related command related to the execution of an action in the process chamber from the computing system of the process module to the first sensor;

executing the action in the process chamber, wherein said action relates to the processing of semiconductor related devices; and

transmitting an acknowledgement of the process related command from the first sensor to the computing system of the process module.

6. The computer implemented method, as recited in claim 5, further comprising the steps of:

initializing a second sensor, which is able to measure a second parameter in the process chamber;

transmitting a connect message from the second sensor to the computing system of the process module;

transmitting a command to get reportable specification from the computing system of the process module to the second sensor;

transmitting a reportable specification message from the second sensor to the computing system of the process module;

initializing a third sensor, which is able to measure a third parameter in the process chamber;

transmitting a connect message from the third sensor to the computing system of the process module;

transmitting a command to get reportable specification from the computing system of the process module to the third sensor; and

transmitting a reportable specification message from the third sensor to the computing system of the process module.

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7. The computer implemented method, as recited in claim 6, further comprising the steps of:

spawning from the connection monitor task within the computing system of the process module a second sensor messaging task;

transmitting an acknowledgement of the command to get reportable specification from the second sensor to the computing system of the process module;

transmitting an acknowledgement of the reportable specification message from the computing system of the process module to the second sensor;

spawning from the connection monitor task within the computing system of the process module a third sensor messaging task;

transmitting an acknowledgement of the command to get reportable specification from the third sensor to the computing system of the process module; and

transmitting an acknowledgement of the reportable specification message from the computing system of the process module to the third sensor.

20

8. The computer implemented method, as recited in claim 7, further comprising the steps of:

transmitting command to get an alarm table command from the second sensor to the computing system of the process module;

transmitting an acknowledgement of the command to get the alarm table from the computing system of the process module to the second sensor;

transmitting an alarm table from the computing system of the process module to the second sensor;

5 transmitting an acknowledgement of the alarm table from the second sensor to the computing system of the process module;

transmitting command to get an alarm table command from the third sensor to the computing system of the process module;

transmitting an acknowledgement of the command to get the alarm table from the computing system of the process module to the third sensor;

transmitting an alarm table from the computing system of the process module to the third sensor; and

transmitting an acknowledgement of the alarm table from the third sensor to the computing system of the process module.

9. The computer implemented method, as recited in claim 8, further comprising the steps of:

transmitting command to get time and initialization data from the second sensor to the computing system of the process module;

transmitting an acknowledgement of the command to get time and initialization data from the computing system of the process module to the second sensor;

transmitting time and initialization data from the computing system of the process module to the second sensor;

transmitting an acknowledgement of the time and initialization data from the second sensor to the computing system of the process module;

transmitting command to get time and initialization data from the third sensor to the computing system of the process module;

transmitting an acknowledgement of the command to get time and initialization data from the computing system of the process module to the third sensor;

5 transmitting time and initialization data from the computing system of the process module to the third sensor; and

transmitting an acknowledgement of the time and initialization data from the third sensor to the computing system of the process module.

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10. An apparatus for processing semiconductor related devices, comprising:
- a process chamber for processing semiconductor related devices;
 - a computing system for controlling the process chamber, electrically connected to the process chamber;
 - a network electrically connected to the computing system;
 - 15 a first sensor electrically connected to the network;
 - a connection monitor task, which is spawn in the computing system after the computing system is initialized; and
 - a first sensor messaging task, which is spawn from the connection monitor task within the computing system of the process module after the first sensor initiates a connection with
 - 20 the computing system.

11. The apparatus, as recited in claim 10, further comprising:

- a second sensor electrically connected to the network; and

a second sensor messaging task, which is spawn from the connection monitor task within the computing system of the process module after the second sensor initiates a connection with the computing system.

5

12. The apparatus, as recited in claim 11, further comprising:

a third sensor electrically connected to the network; and

a third sensor messaging task, which is spawn from the connection monitor task within the computing system of the process module after the third sensor initiates a connection with the computing system.

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13. The apparatus, as recited in claim 12, wherein the first sensor, the second sensor, and the third sensor are connected as clients to the computing system of the process module.

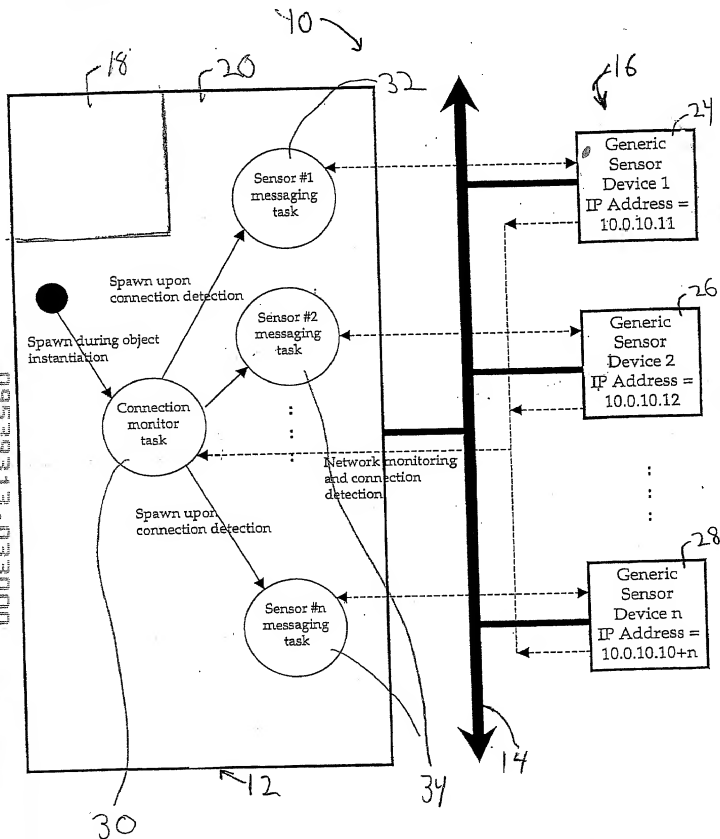
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14. The apparatus, as recited in claim 13, wherein the first sensor, the second sensor, and the third sensor are hot swappable plug and play.

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15. The apparatus, as recited in claim 14, wherein said computing system, further comprises a heartbeat message tool which sends a heartbeat message to a sensor if the computing system does not receive a message from the sensor within a period of time.

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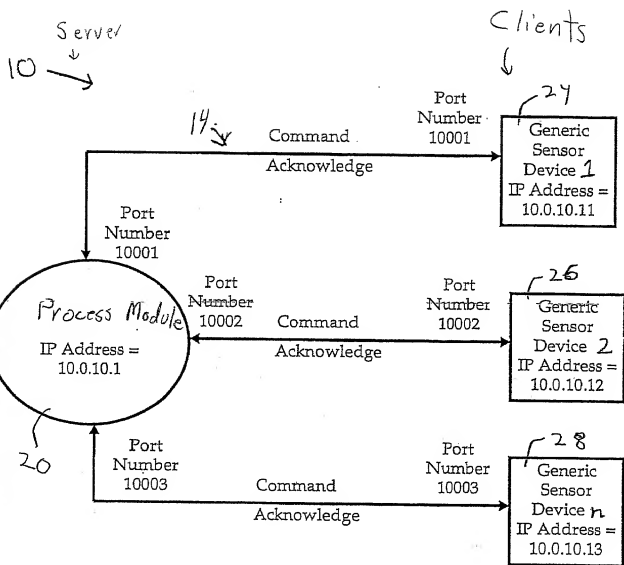


FIG. 3

Process Module

Sensor

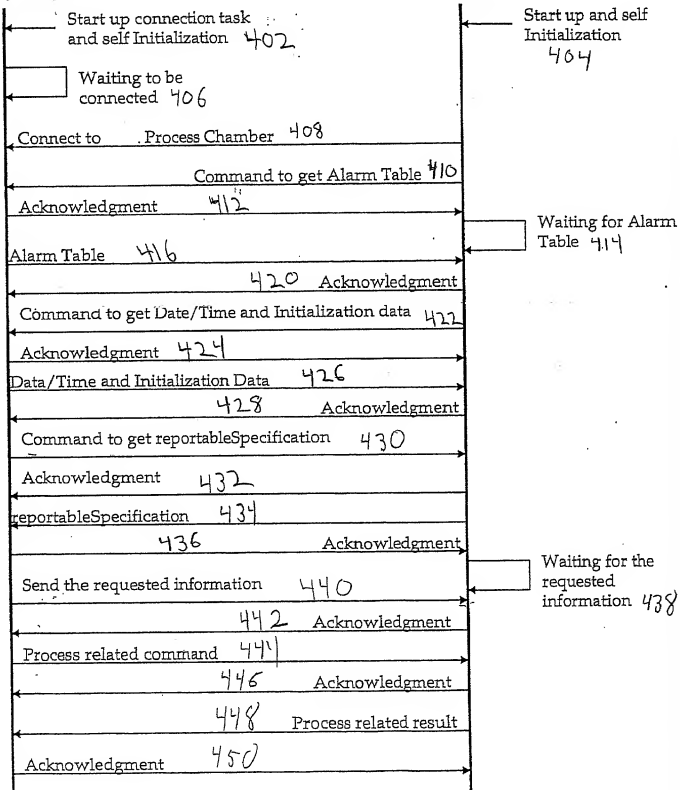


FIG. 4

00539313-033000

Prior U.S. Application(s)

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 120 of any United States application(s), or § 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

_____ (Application No.)	_____ (Filing Date)	_____ (Status - patented, pending, abandoned)
_____ (Application No.)	_____ (Filing Date)	_____ (Status - patented, pending, abandoned)

Power of Attorney

And I hereby appoint the law firm of **Beyer Weaver & Thomas, LLP** and all practitioners who are associated with the Customer Number 022434 as my principal attorneys to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

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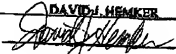
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